

BOARD OF GOVERNORS

<u>SPECIAL PUBLIC SESSION</u> AGENDA

Thursday, May 30, 2024 Zoom Only 9:00 am – 10:00 am

Members – Ibolya Agoston, Amanda Alexander, Allison Beswick, Eric Dampson, Joyce Henley, Iliyan Lakhani, Darlene McIntosh, Joel McKay - CHAIR, Trevor Morrison, Phil Mullins, Geoff Payne, Michael Reed – VICE-CHAIR, Gregory Stewart, Todd Whitcombe, Catherine Wishart

1. Acknowledgement of Territory

2. Chair's Remarks

- Declarations of Conflict
- Correspondence Received

3. Report from the Closed Session of the Board

- a. March 28, 2024
 - i. Discussion Indigenous Identity Verification
 - ii. Cyber Security Presentation
 - iii. Investment Advisory Committee Update Committee Composition Appointments/Reappointments
 - iv. Budget Discussion and Questions
 - v. President's Recommendation for Tenure & Promotion
 - vi. UNBC Naming Opportunities
 - vii. Governance Report Action Items for 2024

4. Approval of Agenda

That, the Agenda for the Public Session of May 30, 2024, of the Board of Governors be approved as presented.

5. Approval of Minutes

a. Public Session Minutes of March 28, 2024 - page 3

That, the Public Session Minutes of March 28, 2024, of the Board of Governors be approved as presented.

6. Business Arising from Previous Public Session Minutes

7. Reports of Committees and Related Motions

- (i) Audit and Risk Committee G. Stewart, Chair
 - a. Audit Findings Presentation KPMG Audit Representatives C. Naphtali page 9
 - b. Presentation and Approval of Financial Statements R. Somani page 40

That, on the recommendation of the Audit and Risk Committee, the Board of Governors approves the University of Northern British Columbia's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

- c. UNBC Enrollment Audit Annualized FTE Audit Report B. Owen page 67
- (ii) Finance and Investment Committee A. Beswick, Chair
- (iii) Governance and Human Resources Committee J. McKay, Chair
 - a. **MOU between UNBC and TRU** B. Owen **page 71**That on the recommendations of the Governance and Human Resources Committee and the UNBC Senate, the Memorandum of Understanding between UNBC and Thompson Rivers University related to graduate education be approved as proposed.
 - Executive Compensation Disclosure for information R. Somani page 75

8. Other Business

- a. Annual Schedule of Board Meetings 2024 for information J. McKay page 83
- b. Schedule of Upcoming UNBC Events
 - Class of 2024 Convocation May 31, 2024
 Location: Northern Sport Centre, Prince George
 - Class of 2024 Graduate Campus Celebrations
 - Northwest campus (Terrace, B.C.) June 3, 2024 Location: R.E.M. Lee Theatre
 - Wilp Wilxo'oskwhl Nisga'a Institute (Gitwinksihlkw, B.C.) June 4, 2024
 Location: Ts'oohl Ts'ap Memorial Centre
 - South-Central campus (Quesnel, B.C.) June 6, 2024
 Location: UNBC South-Central Campus Atrium
 - Northeast campus (Fort St. John, B.C.) June 7, 2024
 Location: Pomeroy Hotel & Conference Centre

For more UNBC events, please visit www2.unbc.ca/events

9. Adjournment

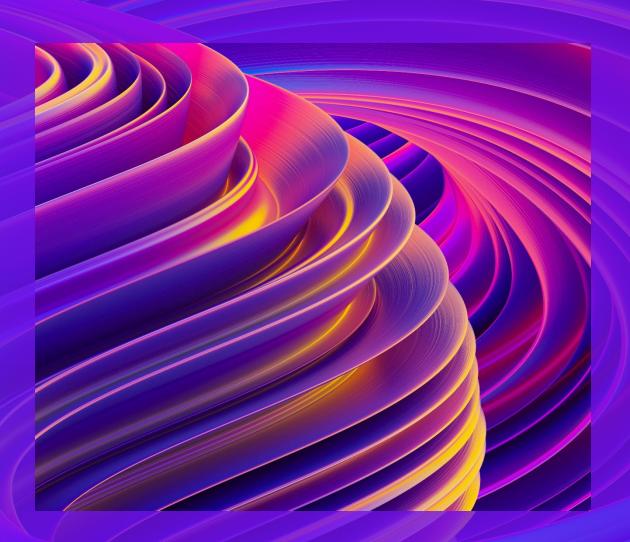


University of Northern British Columbia

Audit Findings Report for the year ended March 31, 2024

Prepared for presentation to the Audit and Risk Committee on May 28, 2024.

kpmg.ca/audit



KPMG contact

Key contact in connection with this engagement

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Appendices

The purpose of this report is to assist you, as a member of the Audit and Risk Committee ("Committee"), in your review of the results of our audit of the financial statements. This report is intended solely for the information and use of Management, the Board of Governors, and Committee and should not be used for any other purpose or any other party. KPMG shall have no responsibility or liability for loss or damages or claims, if any, to or by any third party as this report has not been prepared for, and is not intended for, and should not be used by, any third party or for any other purpose.

Digital use information

This Audit Findings Report is also available as a "hyper-linked" PDF document.

If you are reading in electronic form (e.g. In "Adobe Reader" or "Board Books"), clicking on the home symbol on the top right corner will bring you back to this slide.



Click on any item in the table of contents to navigate to that section.



Audit highlights



No matters to report



Matters to report – see link for details

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this Audit Findings Report is to assist you, as a member of the Audit and Risk Committee (the "Committee"), in your review of the results of our audit of the financial statements (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements") of University of Northern British Columbia ("the University") as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024. Our audit has been performed in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards (CAS).

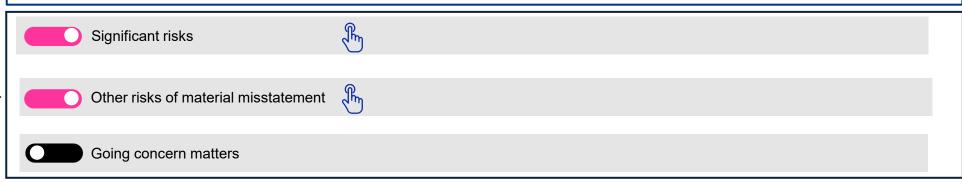
Status

As of the date of this report, we have completed the audit of the financial statements, with the exception of certain remaining procedures, which include:

- Completing our discussions with the Committee and the Board of Governors
- Obtaining the signed management representation letter.
- Obtaining evidence of the Board of Governors' approval of the financial statements.
- Obtaining remaining legal and investment confirmations.
- Completing subsequent event review procedures up to the date of the Board of Governors' acceptance of the financial statements.
- Completing file assembly and review.

We will update you and management on significant matters, if any, arising from the completion of the audit, including the completion of the above procedures. Our auditor's report, a draft of which is enclosed with this report, will be dated upon the completion of any remaining procedures.

Risks and results





Audit highlights (continued)



No matters to report



Matters to report – see link for details

Uncorrected misstatements

Uncorrected misstatements

We identified two uncorrected audit misstatements as detailed in the management representation letter attached in appendix 2.

Corrected misstatements

Corrected misstatements

We identified three corrected audit misstatements as detailed in the management representation letter attached in appendix 2.

Control deficiencies

Significant deficiencies

We did not identify any control deficiencies that we determined to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.



Other control deficiencies

We did not identify any new other control deficiencies in the current year.

Policies and practices

Significant unusual transactions

Accounting policies and practices

Quality control and Independence We confirm that we are independent with respect to the University within the meaning of the relevant rules and related interpretations prescribed by the relevant professional bodies in Canada and any applicable legislation or regulation from April 1, 2023 up to the date of this report.





Significant risks and results



Presumption of the risk of fraud resulting from management override of controls



Significant risk

Estimate?

Management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Although the level of risk of management override of controls will vary from entity to entity, the risk nevertheless is present in all entities.

No

Our response

As the risk is not rebuttable, our audit methodology incorporates the required procedures in professional standards to address this risk. These procedures include:

- Testing of journal entries and other adjustments.
- Performing a retrospective review of significant estimates and evaluating the business rationale of significant unusual transactions.
- Evaluating the completeness of the journal entry population through a roll-forward of accounts meeting our high risk criteria
- Reviewing the accounting estimates and assessing whether management's estimates are reasonable and not indicative of management bias.

Significant findings

There were no issues noted in our audit testing described above.



Other risks of material misstatement and results (continued)

We highlight our significant findings in respect of **other risks of material misstatement**.



Revenue and deferred contributions

Background

Estimate?

Revenue is recorded on an accrual basis and is recognized when it is earned and measurable. Revenue relating to future periods, including tuition is reported as deferred revenue and recognized when earned as per PS 3400 Revenue Recognition, a new accounting standard effective for the University's 2024 fiscal year.

No

Our response

- We updated our understanding of the process activities and controls over revenue and deferred contributions.
- Obtained revenue confirmation from the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills & Training and reviewed significant reconciling items between grant confirmation and grants recorded.
- Performed test of details on contributions received as well as amounts spent to assess that revenues are appropriately recognized, and contributions are appropriately deferred.
- Performed substantive analytical procedures over Tuition revenue that take into account key drivers and set an audit expectation based on those drivers.
 Underlying data and assumptions used in setting the expectation are tested to supporting documentation. For significant variances between our initial audit expectation and actual amounts, if any, were further investigated including obtaining corroborative support.
- We performed vouching over deferred tuition revenue balances, including testing management's process and adjustments for determining deferred tuition revenue balances.
- We reviewed the financial statement note disclosures to ensure it is complete and accurate, reviewed additional reporting of financial information regarding deferred contributions as required by the Office of the Auditor General.

Our findings

There were no issues noted in our audit testing described above.





Other risks of material misstatement and results (continued)

We highlight our significant findings in respect of **other risks of material misstatement**.



Expenses, including salaries and benefits expense

Background

Estimate?

No

Expenses are closely monitored against approved budgets. Salaries and benefits expenses represent a significant portion of the University's expenses. There is a need to ensure that the expenses recognized are appropriate.

Our response

- We updated our understanding of the process activities and controls over expenses, including salaries and benefits expense.
- We performed testing over the payroll accruals and assessed the completeness and reasonability of the accruals.
- We developed an expectation for the current year salaries and benefits expense based on the prior year expense adjusted for changes in head count, pay rates and other non-recurring items. We compared our expectation to the actual salaries and benefits expense recorded and corroborated any significant variances noted.
- We performed substantive procedures over expenses, including reviewing and vouching a sample of expenses to underlying supporting documentation, ensuring the expenses are appropriately recognized.
- We selected a sample of payments made, trade payables recorded, and invoices received subsequent to year-end and ensured they were recorded in the appropriate fiscal year.

Our findings

There were no issues noted in the testing.



Audit Highlights Audit quality Risks and results Policies and practices **Appendices** Control observations



Other risks of material misstatement and results

We highlight our significant findings in respect of other risks of material misstatement.



Tangible Capital Assets ("TCA") and Deferred Capital Contributions ("DCC")

Background

Estimate?

TCA represent a significant portion of assets of the University. For contributions received towards capital, the University is required under reporting provisions of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act to defer these capital contributions and recognize to revenue over the same basis as the amortization of the related tangible capital assets.

No

Our response

- We updated our understanding of the process activities and controls over TCA and DCC, including the year-end process around identifying assets for impairment.
- We obtained the TCA and DCC continuity schedules, verified mathematical accuracy, and performed substantive procedures over additions, disposals, and other adjustments.
- We performed recalculation over amortization of tangible capital assets and deferred capital contributions taking into consideration budgeted and planned capital projects.
- We reviewed the financial statement note disclosures to ensure it is complete and accurate, including additional information regarding DCC as required by the Office of the Auditor General.

Our findings

There were no issues noted in our audit testing described above





Other risks of material misstatement and results

We highlight our significant findings in respect of other risks of material misstatement.



Investments

Background

Estimate?

Investments represent a significant portion of assets of the University. The purpose of the investments is to generate investment income for various functions including operating and endowment investments.

No

Our response

- We updated our understanding of the process activities and controls over recording portfolio investments.
- We obtained confirmations of investment balances with respective financial institutions where possible and compared to the amounts recorded in the financial statements. We also performed alternative procedures including vouching to investment statements where required.
- We reviewed presentation of the portfolio investments and ensured all disclosures are included in the financial statements as required by the Public Sector Accounting Standards including reporting remeasurement gains and losses.

Our findings

There were no issues noted in the testing.







Significant accounting policies

- There have been no initial selections of, or changes to, significant accounting policies and practices other than the adoption of PS 3400 Revenue Recognition adopted in the year. PS 3160 Public Private Partnerships and PSG 8 Purchased Intangibles were assessed and no significant impact was identified.
- There were no significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas.
- There were no issues noted with the timing of the University's transactions in relation to the period in which they were recorded.
- There were no issues noted with the extent to which the financial statements are affected by a significant unusual transaction and extent of disclosure of such transactions.
- There were no issues noted with the extent to which the financial statements are affected by non-recurring amounts recognized during the period and extent of disclosure of such transactions.



Significant accounting estimates

- There were no issues noted with management's identification of accounting estimates.
- There were no issues noted with management's process for making accounting estimates.
- There were no indicators of possible management bias.
- There were no significant factors affecting the University's asset and liability carrying values.



Significant disclosures and financial statement presentation

- There were no issues noted with the judgments made, in formulating particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.
- There were no issues noted with the overall neutrality, consistency, and clarity of the disclosures in the financial statements.
- There were no significant potential effects on the financial statements of significant risks, exposures, and uncertainties.





Control observations

Consideration of internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR")



In planning and performing our audit, we considered ICFR relevant to the University's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on ICFR.

Our understanding of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies. The matters being reported are limited to those deficiencies that we have identified during the audit that we have concluded are of sufficient importance to merit being reported to those charged with governance.

Our awareness of control deficiencies varies with each audit and is influenced by the nature, timing, and extent of audit procedures performed, as well as other factors. Had we performed more extensive procedures on internal control over financial reporting, we might have identified more significant deficiencies to be reported or concluded that some of the reported significant deficiencies need not, in fact, have been reported.



A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting

A deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when (a) a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing or (b) an existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met. A deficiency in operation exists when a properly designed control does not operate as designed, or when the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or competence to perform the control effectively.



Significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting

A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that, in the auditor's professional judgment, is of sufficient importance to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

We did not identify any control deficiencies that we determined to be significant deficiencies in ICFR. KPMG will issue a management letter with other observations for management to consider for the subsequent fiscal year.



Audit quality - How do we deliver audit quality?

Quality essentially means doing the right thing and remains our highest priority. Our Global Quality Framework outlines how we deliver quality and how every partner and staff member contributes to its delivery.

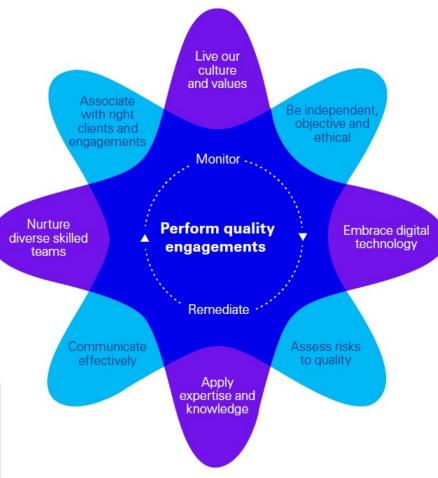
The drivers outlined in the framework are the ten components of the KPMG System of Quality Management (SoQM). Aligned with ISQM 1/CSQM 1, our SoQM components also meet the requirements of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA) and the relevant rules of professional conduct / code of ethics applicable to the practice of public accounting in Canada, which apply to professional services firms that perform audits of financial statements. Our Transparency Report includes our firm's Statement on the Effectiveness of our SoQM.



KPMG 2023 Audit Quality and Transparency Report

We define 'audit quality' as being the outcome when:

- audits are **executed consistently**, in line with the requirements and intent of **applicable professional standards** within a strong **system of quality management**; and
- all of our related activities are undertaken in an environment of the utmost level of **objectivity, independence, ethics** and **integrity.**







Appendices

Required communications

Management representation letter

3 Current developments

Thought leadership and insights





Appendix 1: Required communications

Draft auditor's report

The conclusion of our audit is set out in our draft auditor's report attached to the draft financial statements.

Audit findings report

Represented by this report.

Management representation letter



In accordance with professional standards, a copy of the management representation letter for the University is included in Appendix 2.

Internal control deficiencies



We did not identify any control deficiencies that we determined to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

KPMG will issue at the end of the audit a management letter with other observations for management to consider in the future.

Independence



In accordance with professional standards, we have confirmed our independence on page 5.







KPMG LLP 177 Victoria Street, Suite 400 Prince George BC V2L 5R8 Canada Telephone (250) 563-7151 Fax (250) 563-5693

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Governors of the University of Northern British Columbia, and To the Minister of Advanced Education, Skills & Training, Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the University of Northern British Columbia (the "University"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31,2024
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net debt for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024 of the University are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of Matter - Financial Reporting Framework

We draw attention to Note 2(a) of the financial statements, which describes the applicable financial reporting framework and the significant differences between that financial reporting framework and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the financial
 statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the
 group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants Prince George, Canada May 31, 2024

Appendix 2: Management representation letter



KPMG LLP 177 Victoria Street, Suite 400 Prince George, BC V2L 5R8 Canada

May 31, 2024

We are writing at your request to confirm our understanding that your audit was for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the consolidated financial statements (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements") of University of Northern British Columbia ("the Entity") as at and for the period ended March 31, 2024.

General:

We confirm that the representations we make in this letter are in accordance with the definitions as set out in Attachment I to this letter.

We also confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

Responsibilities:

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the engagement letter dated November 1, 2022, including for:
 - a) the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and believe that these financial statements have been prepared and present fairly in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.
 - b) providing you with all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements ("relevant information"), such as financial records, documentation and other matters, including:
 - the names of all related parties and information regarding all relationships and transactions with related parties;
 - the complete minutes of meetings, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared, of shareholders, board of directors and committees of the board of directors that may affect the financial statements. All significant actions are included in such summaries.
 - c) providing you with unrestricted access to such relevant information.
 - d) providing you with complete responses to all enquiries made by you during the engagement.
 - e) providing you with additional information that you may request from us for the purpose of the engagement.
 - f) providing you with unrestricted access to persons within the Entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - g) such internal control as we determined is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or

- error. We also acknowledge and understand that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- h) ensuring that all transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- i) ensuring that internal auditors providing direct assistance to you, if any, were instructed to follow your instructions and that we, and others within the entity, did not intervene in the work the internal auditors performed for you.

Internal control over financial reporting:

2) We have communicated to you all deficiencies in the design and implementation or maintenance of internal control over financial reporting of which we are aware.

Fraud & non-compliance with laws and regulations:

- 3) We have disclosed to you:
 - a) the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
 - b) all information in relation to fraud or suspected fraud that we are aware of that involves:
 - management;
 - employees who have significant roles in internal control over financial reporting; or
 - others

where such fraud or suspected fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.

- c) all information in relation to allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the financial statements, communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, short sellers, or others.
- d) all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, including all aspects of contractual agreements or illegal acts, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- e) all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.

Subsequent events:

4) All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the relevant financial reporting framework requires adjustment, or disclosure, in the financial statements have been adjusted or disclosed.

Related parties:

- 5) We have disclosed to you the identity of the Entity's related parties.
- 6) We have disclosed to you all the related party relationships and transactions/balances of which we are aware.
- 7) All related party relationships and transactions/balances have been appropriately accounted for, and disclosed, in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.

Estimates:

8) The methods, the data and the significant assumptions used in making accounting estimates, and their related disclosures are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement or disclosure that is reasonable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.

Going concern:

- 9) We have provided you with all information relevant to the use of the going concern assumption in the financial statements.
- 10) We confirm that we are not aware of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Misstatements:

- 11) The effects of the uncorrected misstatements described in <u>Attachment II</u> are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole.
- 12) We approve the corrected misstatements identified by you during the audit described in **Attachment II**.

Other information:

13) We confirm that the final version of the annual report will be provided to you when available, and prior to issuance by the Entity, to enable you to complete your required procedures in accordance with professional standards.

Non-SEC registrants or non-reporting issuers:

- 14) We confirm that the Entity is not a Canadian reporting issuer (as defined under any applicable Canadian securities act) and is not a United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Issuer (as defined by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 15) We also confirm that the financial statements of the Entity will not be included in the group financial statements of a Canadian reporting issuer audited by KPMG or an SEC Issuer audited by any member of the KPMG organization.

Other:

- 16) Management has reviewed the accuracy and taken responsibility for all working papers produced by contractors during the audit.
- 17) We confirm that the Board of Governors approved the audited financial statements for March 31, 2024.

	March 31, 2024.			
Yours v	very truly,			
By: Dr. Geoffrey Payne, President and Vice-Chancellor				
By: Mr.	Rahim Somani, Vice President, Finance and Administration			

Attachment I - Definitions

Materiality

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material.

Information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Judgments about materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances, and are affected by perception of the needs of, or the characteristics of, the users of the financial statements and, the size or nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both while also considering the entity's own circumstances.

Fraud & error

Fraudulent financial reporting involves intentional misstatements including omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users.

Misappropriation of assets involves the theft of an entity's assets. It is often accompanied by false or misleading records or documents in order to conceal the fact that the assets are missing or have been pledged without proper authorization.

An error is an unintentional misstatement in financial statements, including the omission of an amount or a disclosure.

Attachment II – Summary of Corrected and Uncorrected Audit Misstatements

De	escription of audit misstatement	Resolution
1	The University is required under public sector accounting standards to prepare a statement of re-measurement gain and loss. Management has determined that the total accumulated re-measurement gain/loss as at March 31, 2024 is not a material amount and has represented to us that the omission of this statement is not material to the users of the consolidated financial statements.	Uncorrected
2	\$1.4 million of operating investments maturing within 3 months of year-end, but which had an initial term to maturity of greater than 3 months, were incorrectly classified as cash and cash equivalents.	Corrected
3	Management has corrected an unreconciled difference of \$187,659 in the operating bank reconciliation in the current period by recording the amount as miscellaneous revenue. We note the appropriate accounting treatment for this historical difference would be to record it against accumulated surplus, however we concur with management the amount is not material as such as been recorded as miscellaneous revenue.	Corrected
4	Included within the portfolio investments are \$11,866,000 of private debt and private equity funds which have been valued as of December 31, 2023. Due to the timelines set out by the Ministry of Advanced Education, the change in the fair market value to March 31, 2024 is not attainable as of the date of the release of the consolidated financial statements. Management has disclosed this timing difference to users of the financial statements. While the potential magnitude of the change may be material, we concur with Management this difference is not material to financial statement users when considered qualitatively.	Uncorrected
5	We noted a factual error in expenses due to a cutoff error with 2023 expenses being recorded in 2024 of \$4,518. This factual error is currently projecting over the total expense population an error of \$262,841.	Uncorrected - projection



Changes in accounting standards

Standard	Summary and implications
Concepts Underlying Financial Performance	 The revised Conceptual Framework is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 with early adoption permitted. The framework provides the core concepts and objectives underlying Canadian public sector accounting standards. The ten chapter conceptual framework defines and elaborates on the characteristics of public sector entities and their financial reporting objectives. Additional information is provided about financial statement objectives, qualitative characteristics and elements. General recognition and measurement criteria, and presentation concepts are introduced.
Financial Statement Presentation	 The proposed section PS 1202 Financial statement presentation will replace the current section PS 1201 Financial statement presentation. PS 1202 Financial statement presentation will apply to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 to coincide with the adoption of the revised conceptual framework. Early adoption is permitted.
	 The proposed section includes the following: Relocation of the net debt indicator to its own statement called the statement of net financial assets/liabilities, with the
	calculation of net debt refined to ensure its original meaning is retained. • Separating liabilities into financial liabilities and non-financial liabilities.
	Restructuring the statement of financial position to present total assets followed by total liabilities.
	 Changes to common terminology used in the financial statements, including re-naming accumulated surplus (deficit) to net assets (liabilities).
	 Removal of the statement of remeasurement gains (losses) with the information instead included on a new statement called the statement of changes in net assets (liabilities). This new statement would present the changes in each component of net assets (liabilities), including a new component called "accumulated other".
	 A new provision whereby an entity can use an amended budget in certain circumstances.
	 Inclusion of disclosures related to risks and uncertainties that could affect the entity's financial position.





Changes in accounting standards (continued)

Standard Summary and implications Employee • The Public Sector Accounting Board has initiated a review of sections PS 3250 Retirement benefits and PS 3255 Post-**Future Benefit** employment benefits, compensated absences and termination benefits. **Obligations** • The intention is to use principles from International Public Sector Accounting Standard 39 Employee benefits as a starting point to develop the Canadian standard. • Given the complexity of issues involved and potential implications of any changes that may arise from the review of the existing guidance, the new standards will be implemented in a multi-release strategy. The first standard will provide foundational guidance. Subsequent standards will provide additional guidance on current and emerging issues. • The proposed section PS 3251 Employee benefits will replace the current sections PS 3250 Retirement benefits and PS 3255 Post-employment benefits, compensated absences and termination benefits. It will apply to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026. Early adoption will be permitted and guidance applied retroactively. • This proposed section would result in public sector entities recognizing the impact of revaluations of the net defined benefit liability (asset) immediately on the statement of financial position. Organizations would also assess the funding status of their post-employment benefit plans to determine the appropriate rate for discounting post-employment benefit obligations. • The Public Sector Accounting Board is in the process of evaluating comments received from stakeholders on the exposure draft.





Audit Highlights Audit quality Risks and results Policies and practices Control observations

Appendices

Appendix 4: Thought leadership and insights





Artificial intelligence (AI) is changing how higher education institutions can deliver services, manage operations, and engage faculty to stay relevant in the market. Historically faced with barriers to quick adoption of emerging technologies, institutions must intentionally redesign their processes to keep pace and integrate with the fast-evolving capabilities that AI continues to present. While initial interest in AI in higher education has been focused on assessment, its potential applications extend to various use cases, such as streamlining administrative processes, powering student services, predicting and monitoring student success, and identifying student attrition risk. Dive into our first of a series of thought leadership articles as we explore the trends, challenges and opportunities shaping academia's digital transformation.



Student Experience

The broader context in which students live and work has influenced how they learn and engage with higher education institutions. Research conducted by KPMG revealed 5 key trends in student demographics and behaviors that have become driving forces behind changes in student needs. Students are increasingly diverse, digital, discerning, demanding, and debt-averse.

KPMG's approach to working with higher education institutions combines sector knowledge and leading global practices to provide a blueprint for institutions to enhance student experiences during the "moments that matter' in their journey from being candidates to alumni.



Higher education cybersecurity survey

As we navigate an era marked by rapid digital evolution, our daily lives, academic pursuits, and institutional operations are becoming increasingly interwoven with technology. While the transformative power of innovation brings unprecedented opportunities, it also exposes us to new challenges, particularly in the realm of cybersecurity. KPMG in Canada recently invited higher education institutions from both Canada and the United States to participate in a benchmarking survey to identify the areas where institutions are thriving, and where there is opportunity to improve.



Decarbonization

Decarbonization and infrastructure resiliency is becoming central to ESG programs across Canada, and higher education institutions are no exception. Building decarbonization and climate resiliency strategies that account for evolving priorities from diverse stakeholders is key. When considering the need for standardized decarbonization initiatives and enhanced climate resiliency, institutions must consider the operational needs of their facilities and departments with decarbonization targets. A campus-level approach to developing solutions that can be applied across various assets and infrastructure is critical to accommodate competing requirements in a multi-stakeholder environment. Institutions should implement initiatives that move the needle toward emission targets early, while protecting against the impacts of extreme weather.



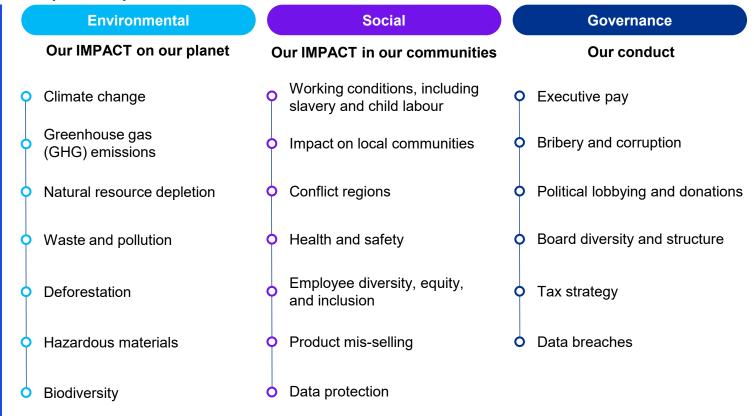


Appendix 4: Thought leadership and insights (continued)

Environmental, social and governance ("ESG")

What is ESG?

ESG is a framework to integrate environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities into an organization's strategy to build long term financial sustainability and create value. ESG includes a wide range of non-financial scoring categories, used by investors and other stakeholders to assess the impact of a Association's products and business practices on sustainability and social causes.



ESG strategies can help entities deliver long-term value through effective engagement with all stakeholders – generating trust and a competitive advantage.



Appendix 4: Thought leadership and insights (continued)

Environmental, social and governance ("ESG") (continued)

First IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards

The arrival of the first two IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards marks a key milestone in sustainability reporting and is a significant step towards creation of a global baseline for stakeholder-focused sustainability reporting that local jurisdictions can build on. Although the standards are not required to be adopted by the University, the new IFRS sustainability standards provide key insights into what the future of sustainability reporting may look like for the University.

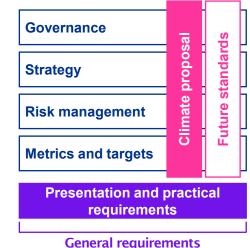
Summary of the recently released standards

The standards build on the four-pillar structure of the **Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures**.

The general requirements standard (IFRS S1) defines the scope and objectives of reporting and provides core content, presentation and practical requirements.

It requires disclosure of material information on all sustainability-related risks and opportunities – not just on climate.

The **climate standard (IFRS S2)** replicates the core content requirements and supplements them with climate-specific reporting requirements.



Visit KPMG's Sustainability Reporting website for more information, including a comprehensive summary of the new requirements and KPMG's insights and illustrative examples for the new standards.

Click here to access KPMG's portal



Appendix 4: Thought leadership and insights (continued)

Thought leadership – Environmental, social and governance ("ESG")

Note: Click on images to visit document link.



CoP26 made progress towards tackling climate change, but there is much more to do. At KPMG, we're committed to accelerating the changes required to fight climate change.



This highlights a five-part framework to help organizations shape the total impact of strategy and operations on performance both externally, and internally.





The Green City outlines the need of the cities and the buildings in them to reflect climate consciousness. The link provides guidance on what that looks like and the first steps to meeting those objectives.

This article outlines how ESG is impacting valuation and performance of the underlying companies institutional investors have a stake in.

KPMG's Climate Change Financial Reporting Resource

Centre provides FAQs to help you identify the potential financial statement impacts for your business.

Click here to access KPMG's portal.

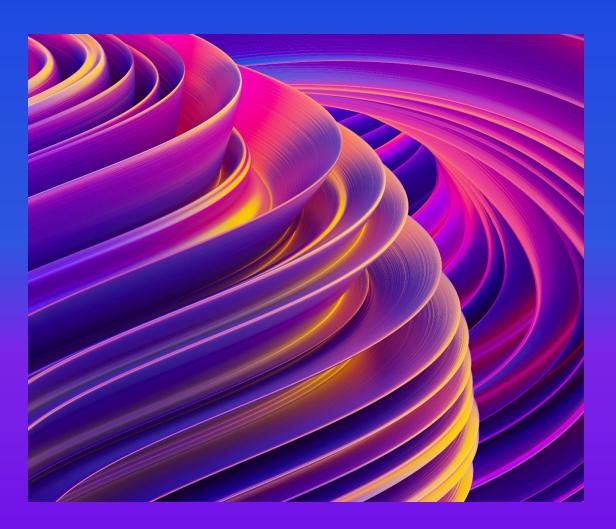






https://kpmg.com/ca/en/home.html

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BRIEFING NOTE FOR:

UNBC BOARD OF GOVERNORS AND BOARD COMMITTEES

Subject:	Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024		
Audit and Risk Committee	Meeting Date: May 28, 2024	For making recommendation to BOG for Approval	
Board of Governors	Meeting Date: May 30, 2024	For Approval	
Submitted By:	Rahim Somani, Vice President, Finance and Administration		
Please note other guests to be in attendance:	ce in Kiran Kullar, Director of Finance		
Appendices:	Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024		
Motion Number:	To be completed by Office of University Governance		

MOTION

Audit and Risk Committee:

That, the Audit and Risk Committee recommends to the Board of Governors, the approval of the University of Northern British Columbia's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Board of Governors:

That, on the recommendation of the Audit and Risk Committee, the Board of Governors approves the University of Northern British Columbia's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

- 1. **Annual Operating Deficit**: The deficit before restricted contributions is \$1.6M, within the ministry-approved budget deficit of \$2M.
- 2. **Total Revenue**: Increased by \$7.3M compared to the prior year, attributed to:
 - a. Increased Investment Income (\$3.5M) due to higher investment returns, and
 - b. Increased provincial funding (\$8M) for approved mandate increases out of which \$4M has been deferred to be used over the next two years.
- 3. **Tuition**: Domestic tuition decreased by \$0.8M, while international tuition increased by \$1.9M corresponding to the enrollment.
- 4. **Other Revenue Changes**: Federal funding decreased by \$0.6M, and gifts, bequests, and non-government grants and contracts decreased by \$0.9M.
- 5. **Total Expenses**: Increased by \$14.4M compared to the prior year due to:
 - a. **Salaries and Benefits**: Increased by \$8.6M due to mandated salary increases, new positions, and filling vacant positions.
 - b. **Operational Supplies and Expenses**: Increased by \$2.9M due to higher software and licensing costs as well as incremental costs of new programs.
 - c. **Other Increases**: Increased scholarships, fellowships, and bursaries (\$0.5M), increased renovations and maintenance (\$0.9M), and increased equipment, furnishings, and rent (\$0.4M).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Assets

- 1. **Cash and Cash Equivalents**: Increased by \$2.5M from the prior year due to higher operating and capital contributions.
- 2. **Accounts Receivable**: Increased by \$4.9M, with \$1.9M attributed to the Northern Medical Program receivable, pending Q4 funding from UBC. The remaining increase is due to additional provincial funding for various programs, primarily the nursing expansion, with actual funds received shortly after year-end.
- 3. **Investments**: Portfolio investments increased by \$4M, and endowment investments increased by \$1.3M due to higher investment returns.

Liabilities

- 1. **Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities**: Decreased by \$3.5M, as the prior year included amounts for a faculty grievance settlement and retroactive payments related to subsequently approved mandate increases.
- 2. **Deferred Revenue**: Increased by \$4.9M due to additional provincial funding for various programs, mainly the nursing expansion. This funding will be recognized as revenue as expenditures are incurred.
- 3. **Deferred Contributions**: Increased by \$10.2M, with \$4M attributed to the approved deferral of the general operating grant and the remaining due to increased funding for which expenditures have not yet been incurred.



Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended March 31, 2024



www.unbc.ca/finance/statements

University of Northern British Columbia

Consolidated Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

The consolidated financial statements of the University of Northern British Columbia (the University) have been prepared by management in conformity with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia and the Restricted Contribution Regulation 198/2011 issued pursuant to it. The regulations require financial statements to be prepared in accordance with the standards of the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board except that the contributions received or receivable by the University for the purpose of acquisition of tangible capital assets are accounted for as deferred capital contributions as described in note 2(a) of the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements present the consolidated financial position of the University as at March 31, 2024 and the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2024.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has developed and maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that University's assets are safeguarded from loss and that the accounting records are a reliable basis for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Governors carries out its responsibility for review of the consolidated financial statements and oversight of management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities principally through its Audit and Risk Committee.

With the exception of employee group representatives, members of the Audit and Risk Committee are neither officers nor employees of the University.

The Committee meets with management and the external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters. The external auditors have full access to the Audit and Risk Committee, with and without the presence of management.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 have been reported on by KPMG LLP. The Independent Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the examination and provides the firm's opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Rahim Somani, CPA, CA Vice President, Finance & Administration Kiran Kullar, CPA, CA Director of Finance

May 30, 2024



KPMG LLP 177 Victoria Street, Suite 400 Prince George BC V2L 5R8 Canada Telephone (250) 563-7151 Fax (250) 563-5693

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Governors of the University of Northern British Columbia, and To the Minister of Advanced Education, Skills & Training, Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the University of Northern British Columbia (the "University"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net debt for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024 of the University are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *"Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"* section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KPMG LLP, an Ontario limited liability partnership and member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. KPMG Canada provides services to KPMG LLP.



Emphasis of Matter - Financial Reporting Framework

We draw attention to Note 2(a) of the financial statements, which describes the applicable financial reporting framework and the significant differences between that financial reporting framework and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.



We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants Prince George, Canada May 30, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

			2024	2023
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	55,567 \$	54,471
Operating investments	(Note 3)		22,808	22,512
Accounts receivable			11,562	6,664
Inventories for resale			526	621
Portfolio investments	(Note 4)		36,395	32,378
			126,858	116,646
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(Note 5)		18,991	22,427
Deferred revenue			7,108	2,258
Deferred contributions	(Note 7)		68,662	58,457
Deferred capital contribution	(Note 8)		150,645	150,508
			245,406	233,650
Net debt			(118,548)	(117,004)
Non-financial assets				
Tangible capital assets	(Note 9)		201,030	201,028
Inventories held for use			127	93
Endowment investments	(Note 4 and 1	3)	73,199	71,817
Prepaid expenses			3,550	3,689
			277,906	276,627
Accumulated surplus	(Note 12)	\$	159,358 \$	159,623
Contractual obligations and commitments	(Note 11)			
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements On behalf of the Board of Governors:	, ,			
Joel McKay Chair, Board of Governors		y Payne nt & Vice (Chancellor	

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

		Budget			
	1)	Note 2(n))	2024	2023	
Revenues					
Government grants					
Provincial government	\$	70,554 \$	69,686 \$	65,693	
Federal government		8,845	10,584	11,194	
Tuition - Domestic		19,632	15,178	15,905	
Tuition - International		8,266	9,530	7,659	
Other fees		1,833	2,027	1,981	
Sales of goods and services		9,220	9,004	8,663	
Gifts, bequests, non-government grants and contracts		14,697	14,482	15,317	
Investment income		2,135	6,820	3,342	
External cost recovery and other income		250	7	509	
Revenue recognized from deferred capital contributions		7,400	7,662	7,368	
		142,832	144,980	137,631	
Expenses					
Ancillary operations		6,718	7,648	7,102	
Facilities operations and maintenance		18,139	18,177	16,609	
Instruction		59,877	57,406	52,406	
Institutional support		41,596	43,250	37,394	
Sponsored research		12,500	14,072	12,953	
Special purpose		6,000	6,070	5,823	
		144,830	146,623	132,287	
Annual operating (deficit) surplus before restricted contributions		(1,998)	(1,643)	5,344	
Restricted endowment contribution		1,500	1,378	2,353	
Annual (deficit) surplus		(498)	(265)	7,697	
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		159,623	159,623	151,926	
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	159,125 \$	159,358 \$	159,623	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

	Budget		2024	2022
		Note 2(n))	2024	2023
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$	(498) \$	(265) \$	7,697
Exclude items not affecting net debt:				
Restricted endowment contributions		(1,500)	(1,378)	(2,353)
		(1,998)	(1,643)	5,344
Acquisition of tangible capital asset		-	(10,450)	(6,762)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	-	8
Amortization of tangible capital assets		-	10,448	10,243
		-	(2)	3,489
Consumption of inventories held for use		-	93	91
Acquisition of inventories held for use		-	(131)	(93)
Consumption of prepaid expenses		-	3,689	3,678
Acquisition of prepaid expenses		-	(3,550)	(3,689)
		-	101	(13)
Decrease (increase) in net debt		(1,998)	(1,544)	8,820
Net debt, beginning of year		(126,964)	(117,004)	(125,824)
Net debt, end of year	\$	(128,962) \$	(118,548) \$	(117,004)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating Activities		
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$ (265) \$	7,697
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	10,448	10,243
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	8
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(7,662)	(7,368)
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Increase in accounts receivable	(4,898)	(2,240)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	139	(11)
Increase in inventories held for use	(36)	(2)
Decrease (increase) in inventories held for sale	95	(53)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,436)	5,275
Increase in deferred revenue	4,850	862
Net change in cash from operating activities	(765)	14,411
Capital activities		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(10,450)	(6,762)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net change in cash from capital activities	(10,450) (10,450)	(6,762) (6,762)
Net change in cash from capital activities		
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities	(10,450)	(6,762)
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions	(10,450) 7,801	(6,762) 3,586
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities	(10,450) 7,801 (296)	(6,762) 3,586 (2,134)
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions Increase in operating investments	(10,450) 7,801	(6,762) 3,586 (2,134) 6,110
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions Increase in operating investments Increase in deferred contributions	7,801 (296) 10,205	(6,762) 3,586 (2,134)
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions Increase in operating investments Increase in deferred contributions Increase in endowment investments	7,801 (296) 10,205 (1,382)	(6,762) 3,586 (2,134) 6,110 (2,353)
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions Increase in operating investments Increase in deferred contributions Increase in endowment investments Increase in portfolio investments Increase in portfolio investments Net change in cash from investing activities	7,801 (296) 10,205 (1,382) (4,017)	3,586 (2,134) 6,110 (2,353) (5,701)
Net change in cash from capital activities Investing activities Capital contributions Increase in operating investments Increase in deferred contributions Increase in endowment investments Increase in portfolio investments	7,801 (296) 10,205 (1,382) (4,017) 12,311	3,586 (2,134) 6,110 (2,353) (5,701) (492)

Cash is comprised of cash and cash equivalents.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

1. Authority and Purpose

The University of Northern British Columbia ("UNBC" or "the University") operates under the authority of the *University Act* of British Columbia. UNBC is a comprehensive research university dedicated to improving the quality of life in its region, and beyond, by attaining the highest standards of undergraduate and graduate teaching, learning, and research. The University is governed by a 15 member Board of Governors, eight of whom are appointed by the Government of British Columbia, including two on the recommendation of the UNBC Alumni Association. The academic governance of the University is vested in the Senate. UNBC is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from income taxes under Section 149 of the *Income Tax Act*. The University receives a significant portion of its revenues from the Province of British Columbia.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the University are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below. Significant accounting policies of the University are as follows:

(a) Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 23.1 of the *Budget Transparency and Accountability Act* of the Province of British Columbia supplemented by Regulations 257/2010 and 198/2011 issued by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board.

The Budget Transparency and Accountability Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the set of standards and guidelines that comprise generally accepted accounting principles for senior governments in Canada, or if the Treasury Board makes a regulation, the set of standards and guidelines that comprise generally accepted accounting principles for senior governments in Canada as modified by the alternate standard or guideline or part thereof adopted in the regulation.

Regulation 257/2010 requires all tax-payer supported organizations in the Schools, Universities, Colleges and Hospitals sectors to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards without any PS4200 elections.

Regulation 198/2011 requires that restricted contributions received or receivable are to be reported as revenue depending on the nature of the restrictions on the use of the funds by the contributors as follows:

- (i) Contributions for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or contributions in the form of a depreciable tangible capital assets are recorded and, referred to as deferred capital contributions and recognized revenue at the same rate that amortization of the related tangible capital asset is recorded. The reduction of the deferred capital contributions and the recognition of the revenue are accounted for in the fiscal period during which the tangible capital asset is used to provide services.
- (ii)Contributions restricted for specific purposes other than those for acquisition or development of a depreciable tangible capital asset are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized in revenue in the year in which the stipulation or restriction on the contributions have been met.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of accounting - (continued)

For British Columbia tax-payer supported organizations, these contributions include government transfers and externally restricted contributions.

The accounting policy requirements under Regulation 198/2011 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which requires that:

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as
 revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been met in
 accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3100; and
- externally restricted contributions be recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3100.

As a result, revenue is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and certain related deferred capital contributions would be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of organizations that are controlled by UNBC. UNBC Investment Trust is a for-profit entity controlled by the University, whose primary purpose is to manage certain investment assets of the endowment fund; it is included in the financial statements on a fully consolidated basis.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, money-market securities and investments with terms to maturity of three months or less at date of purchase and are cashable on demand.

(d) Operating investments

Operating investments consist of highly liquid money-market and bond securities and other investments with terms to maturity of greater than three months to one year at date of purchase.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified into two categories: fair value or cost.

Fair value category: Portfolio instruments that are quoted in an active market and derivative instruments are reflected at fair value as at the reporting date. Other financial instruments which the University has designated to be recorded at fair value include cash, cash equivalents and short term investments. Sales and purchases of investments are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of investments are recorded as an expense. Significant unrealized gains and losses on financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses until such time that the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. At the time of derecognition, the related realized gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and related balances reversed from the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses. Unrealized gains and losses on endowment investments where earnings are restricted as to use are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized in revenue when disposed and when the related expenses are incurred.

Cost category: Realized gains, losses and interest expense are recognized in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus when the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. Accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are measured at cost. Any gains, losses or expense is recorded in the annual surplus (deficit) depending on the nature of the financial asset or liability that gave rise to the gain, loss or expense. Valuation allowances are made when collection is in doubt. Interest is accrued on accounts receivable to the extent it is deemed collectible.

(f) Inventories for resale

Inventories held for resale, including books, clothing, office and paper supplies, food and other items for retail sale are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes the original purchase cost, plus shipping and applicable duties. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less any costs to sell.

(g) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Interest is not capitalized whenever external debt is issued to finance the construction of tangible capital assets. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of transfer. In unusual circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, the tangible capital asset would be recognized at nominal value.

Tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life as shown below. Land is not amortized as it is deemed to have a permanent value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Non-financial assets - (continued)

(i) Tangible capital assets - (continued)

Asset	Rate
Buildings and site improvements	50 years
Capital renovations	20 years
Library books	10 years
Furniture and equipment	8 years
Computers	3 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the University's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value.

(ii) Works of art and historic treasures

Works of art and historic treasures are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

(iii) Inventories Held for Use

Inventories held for use such as office, stationery and lab supplies distributed to various departments are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Cost includes the original purchase cost, plus shipping and applicable duties.

(h) Employee future benefits

The University and eligible employees contribute to a defined contribution pension plan providing benefits on a money purchase basis. The cost of pension benefits includes the current service cost based on 8% to 10% of salary, less a fixed offsetting amount relating to Canada Pension Plan contributory earnings. The assets and liabilities of this plan are not included in the University's consolidated financial statements. The University expenses its contributions to the plan in the year to which the contributions relate.

The University's sick leave benefits do not vest or accumulate and related costs are expensed as incurred.

Vacation benefits for the University's employees are accrued as earned. The obligations under these benefits are based on the applicable collective agreements for unionized employees and employment contracts for employees not covered by collective agreements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue, including tuition, from transactions with performance obligations is recognized when (at a point in time) or as (over a period of time) the University satisfies the performance obligations, which occurs when control of the benefits associated with the promised goods or services has passed to the payer. Revenue from transactions without performance obligations is recognized at realizable value when the University has the right to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources received or receivable and there is a past transaction or event that gives rise to the economic resources.

Unrestricted donations and grants and other income are recorded as revenue when receivable if the amounts can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Pledges from donors are recorded as revenue when payment is received or the transfer of property is completed.

The University follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted donations and grants are reported as revenue depending on the nature of the restrictions on the use of the funds by the contributors as follows:

- (i) Contributions for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or in the form of a depreciable tangible capital asset, in each case for use in providing services are recorded and referred to as deferred capital contributions and recognized in revenue at the same rate that amortization of the tangible capital asset is recorded. The reduction of the deferred capital contributions and the recognition of the revenue are accounted for in the fiscal period during which the tangible capital asset is used to provide services.
- (ii)Contributions restricted for specific purposes other than for those to be held in perpetuity or the acquisition or development of a depreciable tangible capital asset are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized in revenue in the year in which the stipulations or restrictions on the contribution have been met.
- (iii)Contributions restricted to be retained in perpetuity, allowing only the investment income earned thereon to be spent are recorded as endowment contributions on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus for the portion to be held in perpetuity and as deferred contributions for any restricted investment income earned thereon.
- (iv)Investment income includes interest recorded on an accrual basis and dividends recorded as declared, realized gains and losses on the sale of investments, and write-downs on investments where the loss in value is determined to be other-than-temporary.

New Accounting Standard

PS 3400 Revenue

Effective April 1, 2023, the University adopted PS 3400 Revenue. This standard provides guidance on how to account for and report revenue. Under this standard, transactions are differentiated between revenue arising from performance obligation and those that do not. Revenue from transactions with performance obligations is recognized when the University satisfies the performance obligations, which occurs when control of the benefits associated with the promised goods or services has passed to the payer.

This standard may be applied retroactively or prospectively and early adoption is permitted. The University adopted this standard prospectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(j) Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the *Budget Transparency and Accountability Act* requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and related disclosures. Key areas where management has made estimates and assumptions include those related to the determination of fair value of financial instruments, the useful life of tangible capital assets for amortization, the related amortization of deferred capital contributions and accrued payables. Where actual results differ from these estimates and assumptions, the impact will be recorded in future periods when the difference becomes known.

(k) Foreign currency translation

The University's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and non-monetary assets and liabilities which were designated in the fair value category under the financial instrument standard are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in equivalent Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the date of the statement of financial position. Any gain or loss resulting from a change in rates between the transaction date and the settlement date or date of the statement of financial position is recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. In the period of settlement, the related cumulative remeasurement gain/loss is reversed in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and the exchange gain or loss in relation to the exchange rate at the date of the item's initial recognition is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

(I) Contaminated sites

Contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard.

A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized, net of any expected recoveries, when all of the following criteria are met:

- (i) an environmental standard exists;
- (ii) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- (iii) the organization is directly responsible or accepts the responsibility for the liability;
- (iv) future economic benefits will be given up; and
- (v) a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made.

(m) Asset retirement obligation

The University recognizes asset retirement obligations in the period in which the following criteria are met:

- (i) there is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- (ii) the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- (iii) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- (iv) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Tangible long-lived assets include leased premises and the legal obligation to incur retirement costs is a result from the acquisition, construction, development, and/or normal use of the asset.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Asset retirement obligation - (continued)

The fair value of the asset retirement cost is capitalized as part of the carrying value of the related long-lived asset and is depreciated over the life of the asset. The liability may be changed to reflect the passage of time and changes in the fair value assessment of the retirement obligation.

(n) Budget figures

Budget figures are provided for comparative purposes and have been derived from the Budget 2023-25 and Projection for 2025-28 submission which included 2023-24 consolidated budget presentation for the financial statements, approved by the Board of Governors of UNBC on March 28, 2023. The budget is reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and Statements of Changes in Net Debt.

3. Operating investments

	Fair Value Hierarchy	2024	2023
Term Deposits and Guaranteed Investment Certificates Municipal financing Authority - bond fund	Level 1 Level 1	\$ 12,000 9,408	\$ 13,406 9,106
		\$ 21,408	\$ 22,512

4. Financial instruments

The financial instruments measured at fair value held within each investment are classified according to a hierarchy which includes three levels, reflecting the reliability of the inputs involved in the fair value determination. The different levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Fair Value		
	Hierarchy	2024	2023
Financial assets:			
Portfolio investments quoted at fair value - restricted			
endowment:			
Fixed income	Level 1	\$ 6,339 \$	4,454
Equity	Level 1	9,627	9,230
Real Estate	Level 3	4,695	3,833
Infrastructure	Level 3	7,174	6,516
Private debt	Level 3	6,692	6,194

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

4.	Financial instruments - (continued)			
	Private equity	Level 3	 1,868	2,151
			\$ 36,395	\$ 32,378
		Fair Value Hierarchy	2024	2023
	Non-financial assets: Restricted endowment investments quoted at fair value: Fixed income Equity Real Estate Infrastructure Private debt Private equity	Level 1 Level 3 Level 3 Level 3 Level 3	\$ 12,750 19,364 9,442 14,428 13,459 3,756	9,879 20,474 8,502 14,453 13,739 4,770 71,817
	Total financial instruments		\$ 109,594	\$ 104,195

The following table reconciles the changes in fair value of financial instruments classified as level 3 during the year.

		2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$	60,158 \$	48,448
Unrealized gain (loss)		(2,766)	4,301
Purchases		5,211	9,579
Dispositions		(1,090)	(2,170)
	\$	61,513 \$	60,158
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			
		2024	2023
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,383 \$	11,705
Salaries and benefits		4,803	9,345
Accrued vacation entitlement		1,805	1,377
	\$	18,991 \$	22,427
	Unrealized gain (loss) Purchases Dispositions Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and benefits	Unrealized gain (loss) Purchases Dispositions \$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ Salaries and benefits	Balance, beginning of year \$ 60,158 \$ Unrealized gain (loss) (2,766) Purchases 5,211 Dispositions (1,090) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 12,383 \$ Salaries and benefits 4,803 Accrued vacation entitlement 1,805

6. Pension plan

The University has a defined contribution pension plan covering all eligible, permanent employees of the University. The pension plan is a separate legal entity with its own Board of Trustees. Sun Life of Canada was appointed to provide custodial services for plan members. Investment management services are provided by several fund managers and plan members individually select their investment vehicles from those available which include bond, balanced, money market, equity and global funds, and guaranteed term deposits (1, 3, and 5 year).

The University expenses the contributions made to the plan in the year to which they relate. During the year, the University contributed \$5,832 (2023 - \$4,807) to the plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

7. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions are comprised of funds restricted for research, capital acquisitions and other specific purposes. Changes in deferred contributions balances are as follows:

		Specific							
		Capital		Research		Purpose	2024		2023
Balance, beginning of year:	\$	-	\$	13,785	\$	44,672	\$ 58,457	\$	52,347
Contributions received during the year		7,199		16,828		23,502	47,529		37,382
Revenue recognized from deferred contributions		(570)		(14,779)		(14,173)	(29,522)		(27,686)
Transfers to deferred capital contributions	_	(6,594)		(1,051)		(157)	(7,802)		(3,586)
Balance, end of year	\$	35	\$	14,783	\$	53,844	\$ 68,662	\$	58,457

8. Deferred capital contributions

Contributions that are restricted for capital are referred to as deferred capital contributions. Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset. Treasury Board provided direction on accounting treatment as disclosed in note 2(a). Changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	 2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 150,508	\$ 154,290
Contributions received during the year	7,799	3,586
Revenue recognized from deferred capital contributions	 (7,662)	(7,368)
Balance, end of year	\$ 150,645	\$ 150,508

9. Tangible capital assets

2024 Cost	Ma	Balance at rch 31, 2023	Additions	1	Disposal Transfe	•	Balance at March 31, 2024
Land	\$	7,145	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,145
Buildings and site improvements		309,550	300		3,46	57	313,317
Furniture and equipment		63,657	3,087		-		66,744
Computers		43,972	1,206		-		45,178
Library holdings		28,437	35		-		28,472
Assets under construction		176	5,822		(3,46	57)	2,531
Total	\$	452,937	\$ 10,450	\$	-	\$	463,387

2024 Accumulated amortization	Balance at March 31, 2023									Amortization expense	N	Balance at March 31, 2024
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-					
Buildings and site improvements		(127,692)		-	(7,136)		(134,828)					
Furniture and equipment		(55,293)		-	(2,032)		(57,325)					
Computers		(42,081)		-	(1,162)		(43,243)					
Library holdings		(26,843)		-	(118)		(26,961)					
Total	\$	(251,909)	\$	-	\$ (10,448)	\$	(262,357)					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

9. Tangible capital assets - (continued)

	_	t book value rch 31, 2023	Net book value March 31, 2024		
Land	\$	7,145	\$	7,145	
Buildings and site improvements		181,858		178,489	
Furniture and equipment		8,364		9,419	
Computers		1,891		1,935	
Library holdings		1,594		1,511	
Assets under construction		176		2,531	
Total	\$	201,028	\$	201,030	

2023 Cost	Ma	Balance at rch 31, 2022	Additions	Disposals/ Transfers	ſ	Balance at Warch 31, 2023
Land	\$	7,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$	7,145
Buildings and site improvements		307,163	-	2,387		309,550
Furniture and equipment		61,091	2,625	(59)		63,657
Computers		42,407	1,582	(17)		43,972
Library holdings		28,305	132	-		28,437
Assets under construction		140	2,423	(2,387)		176
Total	\$	446,251	\$ 6,762	\$ (76)	\$	452,937

2023 Accumulated amortization	Balance at March 31, 2022				Amortization expense			
Land	\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-
Buildings and site improvements		(120,708)	-			(6,984)		(127,692)
Furniture and equipment		(53,307)		58		(2,044)		(55,293)
Computers		(41,020)		10		(1,071)		(42,081)
Library holdings		(26,699)	-			(144)		(26,843)
Total	\$	(241,734)	\$	68	\$	(10,243)	\$	(251,909)

	_	t book value rch 31, 2022	Net book value March 31, 2023			
Land	\$	7,145	\$	7,145		
Buildings and site improvements		186,455		181,858		
Furniture and equipment		7,784		8,364		
Computers		1,387		1,891		
Library holdings		1,606		1,594		
Assets under construction		140		176		
Total	\$	204,517	\$	201,028		

(a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of \$2,531 (2023 - \$176) are not amortized. Amortization of these assets commences when the asset is put into service; if it is determined that the costs no longer represent the cost of an ongoing project, they are expensed in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

9. Tangible capital assets - (continued)

(b) Works of art and historical treasures

The University manages and controls various works of art and non-operational historical cultural treasures including artifacts, paintings and sculptures located at University sites and public display areas. These assets are not recorded as tangible capital assets and are not amortized.

10. Financial risk management

UNBC has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk. The Board of Governors, through management, ensures that the University has processes in place to identify and monitor major risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the University if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Such risks arise principally from certain financial assets held by the University consisting of cash, operating investments, accounts receivable and portfolio investments.

Unless otherwise disclosed in these consolidated financial statements, the University is not subject to significant credit risk associated with its financial instruments. The maximum credit risk for the University's financial assets is the carrying value of the asset.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

It is management's opinion that the University is not exposed to significant interest rate risk arising from its financial instruments.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the University will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The University manages liquidity risk by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows from operations and anticipated capital, investing and financing activities to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the University's reputation.

(d) Foreign exchange risk

The University is exposed to foreign exchange risk on investments held in foreign currencies and may use foreign currency swaps to mitigate this risk.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

11. Contractual obligations and commitments

Contractual obligations and commitments are as follows:

Funding commitments

Under its endowment investment strategy, the University has outstanding commitments to fund private debt \$3,831 (2023- \$5,900); real estate \$nil (2023- \$3,400); private equity \$646 (2023- \$800) and infrastructure investments \$703 (2023 - \$3,400).

12. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

	 2024	2023
Accumulated operating surplus Endowments (Note 4 and 13)	\$ 86,159 73,199	\$ 87,806 71,817
	\$ 159,358	\$ 159,623

Accumulated operating surplus consists of the following individual fund surpluses:

	2024	2023
Invested in tangible capital assets		
Capital assets	\$ 201,030 \$	201,028
Amounts financed by deferred capital contributions	(150,645)	(150,508)
	50,385	50,520
Appropriated for specific purposes		
General Operating		
Department carryforwards	2,351	2,944
Minor capital projects, equipment purchases and special projects	20,581	20,669
Professional development and internal research funds	 4,721	4,920
	27,653	28,533
Ancillary Services	(12,368)	(13,091)
Capital	11,512	11,635
Specific Purpose	 5,460	6,692
	32,257	33,769
Unrestricted surplus	 3,517	3,517
Total accumulated operating surplus	\$ 86,159 \$	87,806

General operating appropriations are comprised of departments amounts calculated under a policy that allows them to carry forward unspent amounts to future periods, as well as an allocation of unspent salary amounts under the authority of the Provost and the Vice President, Finance and Administration. It also includes allocations for one time projects, minor capital projects and new equipment purchases and funds set aside for individuals covered under various employment handbooks for professional development and research.

Ancillary Services represents accumulated funds held for the ongoing operations of ancillaries such as the Bookstore, Conference Services, Continuing Education and Food Services, as well as the outstanding balance of an internal loan for a housing renovation project.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

12. Accumulated surplus - (continued)

Capital represents funds held for specific capital projects and the Capital Equipment Replacement Reserve.

Specific Purpose are funds that are restricted internally for specific activities and use, such as conference fees, library fines and reserves.

13. Endowments

Endowment contributions form part of accumulated surplus. Changes to the endowment balances are as follows:

	 2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 71,817	\$ 69,464
Contributions received during the year	305	1,310
Capitalized interest	 1,077	1,043
Balance, end of year	\$ 73,199	\$ 71,817

The balance shown does not include endowment principal with fair value of \$2,367 (2023 - \$2,237) and book value of \$1,681 (2023 - \$1,681) held by the Vancouver Foundation. The excluded principal is not owned or controlled by the University, but income from it is paid to the University to be used for specific purposes.

14. Expense by object

The following is a summary of expenses by object:	 2024	2023
Salaries and wages	\$ 80,216 \$	75,123
Benefits	17,370	13,809
Operational supplies and expenses	14,415	11,578
Professional and contracted services	9,503	9,352
Scholarships, fellowships and bursaries	4,448	3,982
Renovations, alterations and maintenance	4,350	3,430
Utilities	2,279	2,048
Cost of goods sold	1,409	1,247
Equipment, furnishings and rent	1,374	980
Travel and personnel costs	811	495
Amortization of tangible capital assets	 10,448	10,243
Balance, end of year	\$ 146,623 \$	132,287

15. Related parties

The University is related through common ownership to all Province of British Columbia ministries, agencies, crown corporations, school districts, health authorities, hospital societies, universities and colleges that are included in the provincial government reporting entity. Transactions with these entities, unless disclosed otherwise, are recorded at the exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

16. Contractual rights

The University receives research grants from various federal and provincial agencies, foundations, and institutions, and also enters into research agreements with some of these parties. The University currently expects to receive \$42,778 in research funding from fiscal 2025 to 2029.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative figures for 2023 (in thousands of dollars)

16. Contractual rights - (continued)

The University also expects to receive additional research funding from federal, provincial and other sources from 2025 to 2029; however, this additional research funding is not specifically guaranteed to be received in future periods as at March 31, 2024. As a result, this additional research funding is not included in the total noted above.

Student Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Enrollment Report of

UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA

And independent Auditor's Report thereon Year ended March 31, 2024



KPMG LLP 177 Victoria Street, Suite 400 Prince George BC V2L 5R8 Canada Telephone (250) 563-7151 Fax (250) 563-5693

INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER'S REASONABLE ASSURANCE REPORT

To the Board of Governors of the University of Northern British Columbia and the Minister of the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training, Province of British Columbia

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement of the accompanying Student Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Enrollment Report ("subject matter information") of the University of Northern British Columbia ("the Entity") for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the subject matter information in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training as set out in its *Student FTE Enrolment Reporting Manual for Institutions in the BC Post-Secondary Central Data Warehouse* effective April 1, 2005 and as last modified in April 2023 ("applicable criteria").

Management is also responsible for such internal control as management determines necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the subject matter information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Practitioner's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express a reasonable assurance opinion on the subject matter information based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with Canadian Standards on Assurance Engagements (CSAE) 3000, Attestation Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information. This standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the subject matter information is free from material misstatement.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an engagement conducted in accordance with this standard will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

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Page 2

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users of our report.

The nature, timing and extent of procedures performed depends on our professional judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and involves obtaining evidence about the subject matter information.

We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Practitioner's Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the relevant rules of professional conduct/code of ethics applicable to the practice of public accounting and related to assurance engagements, issued by various professional accounting bodies, which are founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

The Firm applies Canadian Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance Engagements and, accordingly, maintains a comprehensive system of quality control, including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the subject matter information of the University of Northern British Columbia for the year ended March 31, 2024 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable criteria.

Specific Purpose of Subject Matter Information

The subject matter information has been prepared in accordance with the applicable criteria referred to above.

As a result, the subject matter information may not be suitable for another purpose.

Restriction on Use and Distribution

Our report is intended solely for the Board of Governors of the University of Northern British Columbia and the Minister of the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training, and should not be used by, or distributed to, other parties.

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

Prince George, Canada May 22, 2024

2023/24 Final FTE Report for BC Ministry of PSFS, Po	st-Secondary O	perating and Eme	rgency Support Bran	Date Reported:	May 1st, 202	4
University of Northern British Columbia	Ĭ		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Institution Contact:		, Interim VP Academic & Provost
					bill.owen@unbo	
				Phone Number:	250-960-561	1
ection 1 Program Level Details						
ROGRAM	Ministry Code	CIP Code	FTE Target	FTE Actuals	Utilization	Comments
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lursing Program - Terrace & Quesnel)	NURS	51.3801	278		89%	
				248		
achelor of Science in Nursing (Northern Baccalaureate	NURS	51.3801	21	13	60%	
Jursing Program - Prince George) Bachelor of Science in Nursing (Northern Baccalaureate						
ursing Program)	NURS	51.3801	38	20	52%	
lurse Practitioner	NURS	51.3805	40	52	130%	
lasters in Nursing	NURS	51.3801	10	10	101%	
ural Nursing with Remote Certification	NURS	51.3811	24	14	58%	
Other Graduate Level Health Sciences	HLTH	Multiple	21	37	177%	
tivil and Environmental Engineering (Degrees)	AVED	14.08	280	99	35%	
VED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) balance	AVED	Multiple	414	346	84%	includes 33.5 FTE continuing studies for credit and 28.0 FTE exis
	AVED	Multiple				delivery engineering (unbc/ubc joint EVEN)
VED all other programs	7.425	Widitiple	2,647	1582	60%	delivery engineering (unboyabe joint Every)
otal Ministry			3,773	2,420	64.1%	
		•	<u> </u>	•	•	
ection 2 SkilledTradesBC Trades Training						
ROGRAM	Ministry Code			FTE Actuals		Comments
oundation	ITEL/ITHS/ITOT					
Apprenticeship Technical Training	ITAP	Multiple				
otal STBC				0		
ection 3 International Not Reported in Section 1 Abo	ove					
ROGRAM				FTE Actuals		Comments
nternational graduate level (Masters or Doctoral)				136		
nternational all other (e.g. Baccalaureate, certificate)				325		
otal International				461		
Section 4 Total Enrolment						
PROGRAM	Ministry Code	CIP Code	FTE Target	FTE Actuals		Comments
Total Ministry			3,773	2,420	64%	
Total STBC			3,773	2,420		
Fotal Domestic Fotal International			3,773	2,420 461		
Fotal Domestic and International				2,881		
				_,		
Section 5 Supplementary Information						
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	Ministry Code	CIP Code	FTE Target	FTE Actuals	Utilization	Comments
otal graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) included in	Multiple	Multiple	485	446	92%	
ection 1						
Health Externally Funded Domestic sources	Multiple	51.0000				funding support from sources other than the Ministry (international tuition
Health Externally Funded International sources	Multiple	51.0000		11		FTEs)
nternational Reported in Section 1 Above (Domestic	Multiple	Multiple		0.5		·
uition) graduate level (Masters or Doctoral)	Multiple	Multiple		85		GR/PH international citizenship but domestic tuition
nternational Reported in Section 1 Above (Domestic	Multiple	Multiple		56		UG international citizenship but domestic tuition
Tuition) all other (e.g. baccalaureate, certificate)						5 5
Online Delivery Domestic All programs	Multiple	Multiple		538		
Online Delivery International All programs	Multiple	Multiple		73		
Official Languages Education French Language		05.0124				
Programs (1) French language/literature courses or (2) courses offered in French by the Faculty of Education or		13.1325				
French language/literature courses offered through the	AVED	13.1402				
Faculty of Arts in collaboration with the Faculty of		55				
Education for students planning to be teachers of Core						
rench, French Immersion or Francophone Programs.						
ection 6 <to 1,3="" 5="" and="" combine="" components="" fo<="" of="" sections="" td=""><td>r RRU, SFU, UBC, U</td><td>INBC and UVIC></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></to>	r RRU, SFU, UBC, U	INBC and UVIC>				
ombined	In a state to	Th. A Iti I	FTE Target	FTE Actuals	Utilization	Comments
nternational Reported in Section 5 Above	Multiple	Multiple		141		
nternational Reported in Section 3 Above	Multiple	Multiple		461 602		
niai imendalinnai			485	446		
			3,288	1,974		
VED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral)			3,200	1,974	00%	
VED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral)						
.VED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) .VED all other programs						
NED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) NED all other programs Section 7 Summary by Program Grouping			FTE Target	FTE Actuals	Utilization	
AVED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) AVED all other programs Section 7 Summary by Program Grouping Program Grouping Total Health			FTE Target	FTE Actuals	Utilization 91.0%	
AVED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) AVED all other programs Section 7 Summary by Program Grouping Program Grouping Total Health Tech Expansion			432 280	393 99	91.0% 35.2%	
VED graduate level (Masters or Doctoral) VED all other programs Section 7 Summary by Program Grouping Program Grouping Otal Health			432	393	91.0% 35.2% 63.0%	



Motion Number (assigned by Steering Committee of Senate): SCAAF202403.10

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC AFFAIRS

PROPOSED MOTION

Motion: That the Memorandum of Understanding between UNBC and Thompson Rivers University related to graduate education be approved as proposed.

Effective Date: Upon signature of all parties

Rationale: The purpose of this MOU is to establish a formal relationship whereby the Parties can work collectively to establish joint frameworks related to graduate education.

Motion proposed by: Dr. Katerina Standish – Vice Provost, Graduate and Postdoctoral Studies

Academic Program: Not applicable

Implications for Other Programs / Faculties? The scope of the MOU is not program specific. Opportunities arising will seek appropriate consultation.

College: Not applicable

College Council / Committee Motion Number: Not applicable

College Council / Committee Approval Date: Not applicable

Attachment Pages (if applicable): ____3__ pages

INFORMATION TO BE MEETING	COMPLETED AFTER SENATE	COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC AFFAIRS
Brief Summary of Com	mittee Debate:	
Motion No.:	SCAAF202403.10	
Moved by: Trina Fyfe		Seconded by: Stacey Linton
Committee Decision: C	CARRIED	
Approved by SCAAF:	March 13, 2024 Date	Chair's Signature
For recommendation to	o <u>√</u> , or information of _	Senate.





Memorandum of Understanding_between the University of Northern British Columbia and Thompson Rivers University

	m of Understanding (the "MOU") entered in of the "Effective Date").	duplicate as of this day of		
BETWEEN:	University of Northern British Columbia 3333 University Way Prince George, British Columbia V2N 4Z9			
		("UNBC")		
AND:	Thompson Rivers University 805 TRU Way Kamloops, British Columbia V2C 0C8			
	¥20 000	("TRU")		
(UNBC and TRU	individually referred to as a "Party", and col	llectively referred to as the		

RECITALS

"Parties")

WHEREAS UNBC is a public university established under the Universities Act with campuses in Prince George, Terrace, Fort St. John and Quesnel, and has in its own right and name the power to grant degrees established in accordance with the Act; and

WHEREAS TRU is a public university established under the Thompson Rivers University Act, SBC 2005, c 17 with campuses in Kamloops and Williams Lake;

WHEREAS the Parties have a long history of collaboration and see the potential for future joint activities that support their respective goals and strengthen areas of common interest, including, but not limited to, the availability of graduate programming; and

WHEREAS the Parties wish to outline formally in a MOU their desire to build on their existing relationships and work together in the future on activities where collaboration on their shared goals may benefit the Parties, and the broader Province of BC.





PREAMBLE

The purpose of this MOU is to establish a formal relationship whereby the Parties can work collectively to establish joint frameworks related to graduate education.

NOW THEREFORE the Parties have reached the following understanding:

1.0 Objectives

The following objectives will guide the Parties in the implementation of this MOU:

- 1.1 Collaborate to create new pathways for graduate students to increase participation in graduate-level education in interior and northern BC;
- 1.2 Collaborate on enhanced research opportunities for students and faculty; and,
- 1.3 Co-design administrative structures that facilitate greater opportunities for faculty cosupervision and membership on graduate-level supervisory teams.

2.0 Costs and Expenses

2.1 Each Party will be expected to bear its own costs and expenses arising from this MOU unless otherwise mutually arranged and agreed to in writing by the Parties in a legally binding agreement.

3.0 General Provisions

3.1 The Parties agree the MOU does not limit or affect any Party's mandate and does not and is not intended to be legally binding or to create legally enforceable rights or obligations between the Parties.

4.0 Confidentiality

4.1 The Parties may wish to disclose confidential information that is non-public, confidential or proprietary in nature to each other to facilitate work under this MOU. In such case, the Parties will enter into a legally binding agreement respecting such disclosure.

5.0 Term and Review

- 5.1 This MOU shall take effect from the date that it is signed by the Parties and continue until it is terminated in writing by any Party with 60 days' written notice, or by mutual agreement of all the Parties. The Parties agree that, should the agreement be terminated by either Party, they will work collectively to ensure no student will be adversely impacted.
- 5.2 This MOU and the initiatives and activities associated with this MOU will be reviewed annually by the Parties to determine whether the purpose of the MOU is being advanced.
- 5.3 The Parties may agree in writing to amend this MOU.



Dr. Geoff Payne

President and Vice-Chancellor



In witness whereof the Parties have caused the MOU to be executed on the dates indicated below:

University of Northern British Columbia				
Signature				
Date				
Dr. Brett Fairbairn President and Vice-Chancellor Thompson Rivers University				
Signature				
Date				



REPORT TO:

UNBC BOARD OF GOVERNORS AND BOARD COMMITTEES

Subject:	Executive Compensation Disclosure – for information				
Governance & Human Resources Committee	Meeting Date: May 16, 2024				
UNBC Board of Governors	Meeting Date: May 30, 2024				
Submitted By:	Enter Executive Portfolio (all items submitted to the Board and/or Board Committees must come from an executive portfolio)				
Please note other guests to be in attendance:					
Appendices:	 UNBC Compensation Philosophy Executive Compensation Summary Attestation Letter to John Davison, President & CEO, PSEC Secretariat 				

DELETE THIS SECTION AND RED TEXT BEFORE SUBMITTING

Instructions for completing this template:

The Board and Committee chairs have requested that submissions be as succinct and direct as possible and that every effort be made to reduce the volume of material going to Board of Governors.

- Keep reports brief (under 4 pages where possible)
- Please include an Indigenization component where possible
- As much as possible, use bullet points or numbered subsections "5.1, 5.2." etc.
- Each item for approval should use the 'Briefing Note' template.

REPORT:



University of Northern British Columbia

Compensation Philosophy

The Board's compensation decisions reflect the challenges associated with attracting and retaining exemplary administrative leaders to the north in a competitive national and international environment. Responsibility for determining compensation for the President and Senior Executives rests with the UNBC Board of Governors. For positions other than the President's, the Board will consider recommendations made by the President.

With Board of Governor and Executive oversight and approval, the Compensation Philosophy of the University of Northern British Columbia (UNBC) ensures alignment in a manner consistent with the province's Taxpayer Accountability Principles (TAP) in promoting accountability and cost control. UNBC's excluded compensation is controlled and mandated by the province, through the Public Sector Employers' Act.

The following, and attached *Terms and Conditions of Employment* outline the broad approach with respect to compensation policy at UNBC.

Core Principles:

For all management employees, the following Core Principals embodies UNBC's approach for compensation. These principles guide the design, implementation and administration of UNBC's Compensation Philosophy:

- Differentiation: Differentiation of salary is supported where there are differences in the scope of the
 position within an organization, and/or due to superior individual or team contributions.
- Performance: Compensation programs support and promote a performance based (merit) organizational culture.
- Transparency: Compensation programs are designed, managed and communicated in a manner that
 ensures the program is clearly understood by employees and the public while protecting individual
 personal information.
- Accountability: Compensation decisions are objective and based upon a clear and well documented business rationale that demonstrates the appropriate expenditure of public funds.

Benchmarking Methodology:

In determining the relevant labour markets for obtaining compensation data for executive and management employees, UNBC considers the following questions:

- From where do universities similar in scope and scale to UNBC recruit employees?
- What is the destination sector or employers for employees that leave UNBC?

Primary benchmarking comparators for management employees include the following:

- Other comparable academic institutions of similar size and scope to UNBC;
- Other BC and Canadian Public sector organizations with key comparability elements to UNBC;
- The BC Public Service for corporate service roles within the organization;
- Private sector comparators in cases of high demand positions only.

When benchmarking for positions, appropriate weighting is established based on current human resource practise guidelines.

President and Executive Compensation Factors:

When setting salary levels for Senior Executives, the Board of Governors considers the following factors; 1) compensation of current and/or recent senior staff, 2) recommended ranges provided by PSEC, 3) the designates' current compensation, 4) market survey information from other comparable universities and, 5) other factors that the Board deems to be relevant to the specific position.

Salary increases for the President and Senior Academic Executives were applied to the professional component of their salaries and in a manner consistent with the negotiated Faculty Association agreement. Salary increases for non-Academic Senior Executives shall only be applied where approved by PSEC and will generally be consistent with any economic increase provided to the Senior Management Group.

Benefit and pension plans are consistent with the employee group to which the Executive is most closely affiliated (i.e. Faculty Association or Senior Management Group). A non-registered supplemental pension arrangement is offered to the Senior Executives where total pension contributions exceed the contribution limit. The supplemental contribution amount is that which the employer would be required to contribute to the UNBC Pension Plan if there wasn't a maximum limit imposed by the Income Tax Act.

New Policies, Actions or Decisions:

The Executive Compensation Policy was last updated in June 2009. The purpose was to formalize a policy framework and process for the annual performance review of the Senior Executive Officers and for reporting changes in executive compensation consistent with the requirements of PSEC. The updates to this document seek to bring UNBC's policy in line with current PSEC and government direction.

Leaves:

Vacation leaves are set in each Executive's appointment letter, the starting point is five weeks, with the President's ability to recommend increases periodically. This partially acknowledges the time commitment beyond a normal work week of the President and Senior Executives, supports a balanced lifestyle, and is competitive in comparison to other academic organizations.

The President is provided a one year research leave following five years of service. The President's salary during the leave would be equal to the highest salary being paid to a full professor with tenure at the University at the time. For Senior Academic Executives, academic leaves are provided following five years of service. This leave is an acknowledgement that for the period they are in these roles, these academic leaders have forfeited their accrual toward sabbatical leaves that would have occurred as members of the Faculty Association. Senior Academic Executives leaves are at their professional salary level only.

UNBC Exempt Employee's Handbook

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE

University of Northern BC

Summary Compensation Table at 2024

							Previous Two Total Com	
Name and Position	Salary	Holdback/Bonus/ Incentive Plan Compensation	Benefits	Pension	All Other Compensation (expanded below)	2023/2024 Total Compensation	2022/2023	2021/2022
Geoff Payne, President and Vice-Chancellor	\$ 333,060	-	\$ 9,940	\$ 32,562	\$ 6,000	\$ 381,562	\$ 344,833	\$ 361,478
Kathy Lewis, Interim Vice President, Research and Innovation	\$ 211,345	-	\$ 8,471	\$ 20,110	\$ 3,167	\$ 243,093	\$ 247,285	\$ 232,978
Arleta Lucarelli, Executive Director, Strategy and Staff, Office of the President	\$ 154,558	-	\$ 9,669	\$ 14,114	\$ 664	\$ 179,005		
Wendy Rodgers, Vice President, Academic and Provost	\$ 255,346	-	\$ 10,029	\$ 24,403	\$ 6,000	\$ 295,778	\$ 160,216	
Rahim Somani, Vice President, Finance and Administration	\$ 227,771	-	\$ 9,939	\$ 21,478	\$ 6,424	\$ 265,612	\$ 244,200	\$ 232,054
Paula Wood-Adams, Vice President, Research and Innovation	\$ 142,288	_	\$ 12,602	\$ 13,425	\$ 51,158	\$ 219,473		

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE

Summary Other Compensation Table at 2024

Name and Position	All Other Compensation	Severance	Vacation Payout	Paid Leave	Vehicle / Transportation Allowance	Perquisites / Other Allowances	Other
Geoff Payne, President and Vice-Chancellor	\$ 6,000	-	-	-	\$ 6,000	-	
Kathy Lewis, Interim Vice President, Research and Innovation	\$ 3,167	-	\$ 3,167	-	-	-	
Arleta Lucarelli, Executive Director, Strategy and Staff, Office of the President	\$ 664	-	-	_	-	\$ 664	
Wendy Rodgers, Vice President, Academic and Provost	\$ 6,000	-	-	-	\$ 6,000	-	
Rahim Somani, Vice President, Finance and Administration	\$ 6,424	-	\$ 424	, -	\$ 6,000	-	
Paula Wood-Adams, Vice President, Research and Innovation	\$ 51,158	-	-	-	\$ 3,485	\$ 47,673	

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE

Notes

Geoff Payne, President and Vice-Chancellor	General Note: 6.75% salary increase April 1, 2023 as per PSEC Guidelines
Kathy Lewis, Interim Vice President, Research and Innovation	General Note: Interim Vice President, Research and Innovation position ended August 31, 2023.
Arleta Lucarelli, Executive Director, Strategy and Staff, Office of the President	Perquisite/Other Allowance Note: Northern Sport Centre membership reimbursement and taxable benefit as per Exempt Handbook
Wendy Rodgers, Vice President, Academic and Provost	General Note: Actual Base Salary is VP Academic & Provost position + Professorial position.
Rahim Somani, Vice President, Finance and Administration	General Note: 6.75% salary increase April 1, 2023 as per PSEC Guidelines
Innovation	General Note: Started September 1, 2023. Amount reflects partial year. Perquisite/Other Allowance Note: Provided \$50,000 Interest Free Home Purchase Loan Prerequisite Other Allowance reflects Loan minus payments to-date



University of Northern British Columbia 3333 University Way Prince George, BC V2N 4Z9

April 24, 2024

John Davison, President & CEO PSEC Secretariat Suite 210 - 880 Douglas Street Victoria, BC V8W 2B7

Re: Executive Compensation Disclosure

This letter will attest that the Board of Governors is aware of all information disclosed in the University of Northern British Columbia's Executive Compensation Disclosure and that the information is accurate and includes all compensation paid by the employer, foundations, subsidiaries, or any other organization related to or associated with the employer. The disclosed information includes the values of any pre-or-post-employment payments made during the 12 month period before and after employment and that the compensation was paid within approved compensation plans.

Thank you,

Joel McKay

Chair, UNBC Board of Governors

UNBC Board of Governors – 2024 Meeting Dates						
Type of Board Meeting	Event	Board Meetings				
Special Meeting: Approval of Financial Statements Audit and Risk Committee meeting to receive Audit Findings Report from Audit Representatives	Convocation: Friday, May 31, 2024	Thursday, May 30 2024 9:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.				
Regular Quarterly Board Meeting		Thursday, June 27, 2024 3:00 – 7:30 p.m.				
Informal Senate and Board Get together	Venue: TBD Wednesday, September 25, 2024 5:30 – 7:30 p.m.					
Regular Quarterly Board Meeting (Regional – Fort. St. John)	Board Dinner Reception: Thursday, October 3, 2024 5:00 – 7:00 p.m.	Friday, October 4, 2024 8:30 – 3:00 p.m.				
Regular Quarterly Board Meeting		Thursday, November 28, 2024 3:00 – 7:30 p.m.				